To apply Regular Expressions (RegEx) in Dart, you can use the `RegExp` class which is provided by the Dart SDK. Here's a basic guide on how to use RegEx in Dart:

1. \*\*Create a RegExp object\*\*: First, you need to create a `RegExp` object by providing the pattern you want to match.

2. \*\*Use RegExp methods\*\*: You can then use various methods provided by the `RegExp` class to perform operations like matching, finding matches, replacing, etc.

Here's a simple example:

```dart

void main() {

// Create a RegExp object with a pattern to match digits

RegExp regex = RegExp(r'\d+');

// Example text to apply the regex

String text = 'There are 123 apples and 456 oranges';

// Use the RegExp object to find matches in the text

Iterable<Match> matches = regex.allMatches(text);

// Print each match found

for (Match match in matches) {

print('Match found: ${match.group(0)}');

}

}

```

In this example, `RegExp(r'\d+')` is the pattern that matches one or more digits. The `allMatches()` method is used to find all matches of the pattern in the given text.

Remember to use the `r` prefix before the pattern string to indicate that it's a raw string literal in Dart. This is important because backslashes (`\`) are used as escape characters in regular strings, so without the `r` prefix, you'd need to double-escape backslashes in your regular expression patterns.

This is a basic example to get you started. Depending on your specific use case, you might need to explore other methods and features provided by the `RegExp` class in Dart.